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Batch Record: Downstream Process Isolation of Anti-IL8 mAb from CHO Cells: Chromatography Operation

1.0 Description

1.1 This batch record covers the precise operating steps necessary to purify recombinant mAb from conditioned cell culture medium, including harvest, clarification, ultrafiltration and protein A affinity chromatography with the BioRad Biologic LP Chromatography instrument.

2.0 Reference

Title	Document Number
SOP: Isolation of anti IL-8 mAb by Protein A Affinity Chromatography on the Biologic	
LP Chromatography System	
Biologic LP Chromatography Equipment Operation SOP	

3.0 Equipment

Equipment Type	Manufacturer, Model	Calibration Due	Initials/Date	Verifier/Date
	Number	Date		
Chromatography	BioRad Biologic LP			
System	Chromatography System			
Column	BioRad Bio-Scale Mini	N/A		
	Affi-Prep Protein A			
	column, 1ml			
	Note: remove the column			
	from 4°C storage and			
	allow to come to room			
	temperature			

4.0 Components

Component	Quantity Required	Quantity Used	Initials/Date	Verifier/Date
	1			
Fraction tubes	20			
Syringe, 10 ml	1			
Ehrlenmeyer flask, 125	1			
ml				
Ehrlenmeyer flask, 500	1			
ml				

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5.0 Solutions

Solution	ID	Date	Volume	Volume	Initials/
Solution	ID	Prepared	Required	Used	Date
Buffer A	20 mM sodium phosphate buffer, pH 7.0		500 ml		
Buffer B	0.1 M citric acid, pH 3.0		200 ml		
Deionized water	Filtered, degassed deionized water		500 ml		
System Storage	20% Ethanol		300 ml		
Solution					
Neutralizer	1 M Tris base		100 ml		

6.0 Procedure

	6.1 Preparation of Buffers and Solutions					
#	Task	Initials/Date	Verifier/Date			
	Buffer A: Binding buffer: 20 mM sodium phosphat	te, pH 7.0				
1	Weigh 0.80 ± 0.02 gm NaH ₂ PO ₄ and transfer to a 1 L flask with magnetic stir bar.					
2	Weigh 3.60 \pm 0.02 gm Na ₂ HPO ₄ \Box 7H ₂ O and transfer to the same flask.					
3	Measure 980 ml deionized water in a graduated cylinder and add the water to the solids in the flask					
4	Stir until the solids have dissolved, then adjust the pH to 7.0.					
5	Transfer to a 1L graduated cylinder and adjust the final volume to 1L.					
6	Sterile filter the solution, allowing it to degas for 15-20 minutes. Label appropriately					
	Buffer B: Elution buffer: 0.1M citric acid, pH	[3.0				
1	Weigh 3.84 gm citric acid in a 400 ml beaker with magnetic stir bar.					
2	Dissolve in 180 ml deionized water.					
3	Adjust the pH dropwise with 10N NaOH, to a final pH of 3.0					
4	Transfer the solution to a 250 ml graduated cylinder. Adjust the final volume to 200 ml					
5	Filter the solution, allowing it to degas for $15 - 20$ minutes. Label appropriately					

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	<u>1M Tris base</u> : neutralizer.	
	Weigh 12.11 gm Tris base	
1	[tris(hydroxymethyl)aminomethane] into a plastic weigh	
	boat and transfer to a 200 ml beaker with a stir bar.	
	Measure 85 ml deionized water in a graduated cylinder	
2	and transfer the water to the beaker containing Tris	
	powder. Stir until dissolved.	
	Transfer the Tris solution quantitatively to a 100 ml	
3	graduated cylinder, rinsing the beaker with small aliquots	
5	of water, which are then added to the cylinder until a final	
	volume of 100 ml is obtained.	
4	Filter the solution with a $0.22 \ \mu m$ filter. Degassing is not	
4	necessary.	

6.2 Clarification and Ultrafiltration of Conditioned Medium

		U : (; /D /
	Initials/Date	Verifier/Date
0		
centrifuge at 1000 x g for 10 minutes at 4°C.		
Decant the supernatant into a beaker (for smaller volumes		
that are to be filtered with a syringe-mounted filter) or		
directly into a bottle top 0.2µm filter. Filter the		
supernatant into a 50 ml conical tube or bottle.		
Transfer 15 ml of the filtered supernatant into each of two		
Centricon 15 (30kDa) ultrafiltration devices. Centrifuge in		
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1 0 0 0		
tube and return the insert to the tube. Add additional CM		
to fill the upper chamber and repeat centrifugation.		
Repeat step 6.2.4 until sufficient quantity (50-75 ml of		
starting material) of the supernatant has been		
concentrated.		
Resuspend the concentrate in buffer A and repeat		
1		
Remove the concentrate with a 200µl or 1000µl pipettor		
and place in a small beaker. Rinse the ultrafiltration		
1		
1 1		
	that are to be filtered with a syringe-mounted filter) or directly into a bottle top 0.2μ m filter. Filter the supernatant into a 50 ml conical tube or bottle. Transfer 15 ml of the filtered supernatant into each of two Centricon 15 (30kDa) ultrafiltration devices. Centrifuge in the table top centrifuge with swinging bucket rotor at $3500 \ge g$, 4°C for 25 minutes. Remove the filter insert, pour off the filtrate in the bottom tube and return the insert to the tube. Add additional CM to fill the upper chamber and repeat centrifugation. Repeat step 6.2.4 until sufficient quantity (50-75 ml of starting material) of the supernatant has been concentrated. Resuspend the concentrate in buffer A and repeat centrifugation. Remove the concentrate with a 200µl or 1000µl pipettor	Transfer conditioned medium to centrifuge bottles; centrifuge at 1000 x g for 10 minutes at 4°C.Decant the supernatant into a beaker (for smaller volumes that are to be filtered with a syringe-mounted filter) or directly into a bottle top $0.2\mu m$ filter. Filter the supernatant into a 50 ml conical tube or bottle.Transfer 15 ml of the filtered supernatant into each of two Centricon 15 (30kDa) ultrafiltration devices. Centrifuge in the table top centrifuge with swinging bucket rotor at 3500 x g , 4°C for 25 minutes.Remove the filter insert, pour off the filtrate in the bottom tube and return the insert to the tube. Add additional CM to fill the upper chamber and repeat centrifugation.Repeat step 6.2.4 until sufficient quantity (50-75 ml of starting material) of the supernatant has been concentrated.Remove the concentrate in buffer A and repeat centrifugation.Remove the concentrate with a 200µl or 1000µl pipettor and place in a small beaker. Rinse the ultrafiltration membrane multiple times with 1 ml aliquots of buffer A

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	concentrate in the beaker, until a volume of approximately 10 ml has been reached.	
8	Mix the concentrate and rinses, then draw into a 10 ml syringe. Mount a 0.22μ m filter on the syringe and pass the mAb-containing solution through it into a clean beaker.	
	<i>Note</i> : The sample must be at room temperature prior to application to the column.	

6.3 Chromatography system setup

#	Task	Initials/Date	Verified Initial/Date
1	Place or verify that Buffer A is in place, securely	Intitutio, D une	, engled Intitud Date
-	located atop the instrument.		
	Insert tubing for Buffer A to the bottom of the		
	container.		
	Approximate volume of Buffer A: ml		
2	Place or verify that the Buffer B container is in		
	place, securely located atop the instrument. Insert		
	tubing for Buffer B to the bottom of the container.		
	Approximate volume of Buffer B: ml		
3	Verify that the Waste effluent tubing is placed in a		
5	500 mL E flask		
4	Place an adequate supply of tubes (30), numbered		
	sequentially, in the fraction collector carousel.		
5	Pipet 200 µl 1M Tris into each tube in the carousel;		
	ensure that the aliquot gets to the bottom of the tube		
	(as opposed to clinging to the side).		
6	Rotate the tube carousel so that the #1 position is set		
	to receive the initial drops.		
7	Turn the Biologic LP system on. The on/off switch		
	is on the lower left side on the front of the		
	instrument.		
8	Turn on the computer and login		
9	Open the LP Data View software		
10	Confirm that the installed column is a BioRad Bio-		
	Scale Mini Affi-Prep Protein A column, 1ml		

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6.4 Protein A Affinity Chromatography

Chromatographic run sequence is as follows:

1) Inject 9.5 ml from the 15 ml Falcon tube as Buffer C; begin collecting 5 ml fractions; flow rate = 0.5 ml/min.

2) Wash unbound proteins through with up to 15 column volumes (CV) buffer A, until A280 stabilizes; collecting 2.5 ml fractions. Flow rate = 1 ml/min.
3) Elute bound immunoglobulins with step to 0.1M Na-citrate, pH 3; collecting 1 ml fractions and peak fractionation, for a total of 15 CV

4) Re-equilibrate column in buffer A until pH stabilizes; maximum 20 CV. Eluent to waste.

#	Task	Initials/Date	Verified Initial/Date
1	Record the sample information.		
	Sample origin:		
	Batch #:		
	Date prepared:		
	Volume:		
	pH:		
2	Initiate the run:		
	 1.1.1. 1) Press the List of Methods softkey, select the method with file name "Anti IL8". 1.1.2. Press the Run mode softkey. 1.1.3. Press Record on the LP Data Veiw software. 		
2	Upon completion transfer the labeled types to a type real		
3	Upon completion, transfer the labeled tubes to a tube rack and store at 4°C for later analysis.		

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6.7 Evaluate Chromatographic Separation

#	Task	Initials/Date	Verified Initial/Date
1	Print the chromatogram or save to a USB drive.		
2	Optional. Determine protein content per fraction by Bradford Protein		
	Estimation. Refer to the SOP for that procedure.		